Table 2 Deciles of Annual Total Earnings of Employees

Unit: Ten Thousand NT \$

	Deciles																			
Year	1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10	D9/D1
		D1		D2		D3		D4		D5		D6		D7		D8		D9		
2013		24.3		28.3		33.0		38.6		44.4		51.0		60.1		72.9	1	00.6		4.14
2014		25.0		29.1		34.0		39.9		45.4		52.3		61.4		75.7	1	04.7		4.19
2015		25.2		29.5		34.3		40.1		46.3		53.3		63.0		77.8	1	08.0		4.29
2016		25.6		29.9		34.8		40.5		46.4		53.4		62.9		78.3	1	08.4		4.24
2017		26.4		30.7		35.5		41.5		47.4		54.6		64.3		80.1	1	11.3		4.22
2018		27.9		32.6		37.2		43.1		49.0		55.9		66.3		82.3	1	14.9		4.11
2019		29.0		34.0		38.5		43.9		49.7		56.5		67.1		83.6	1	17.4		4.05
2020		29.6		34.7		39.4		44.6		50.1		56.9		67.9		84.5	1	18.3		4.00
2021		29.9		34.9		39.8		45.1		50.6		58.6		69.1		87.2	1	22.4		4.09
2022		30.6		35.6		40.6		45.7		51.8		59.6		71.2		90.1	1	26.1		4.12
The change of 2022 compared with 2021 (rate)		2.37		1.77		1.84		1.31		2.37		1.77		3.02		3.35		3.03		(0.03)
The change of 2022 compared with 2013 (rate)		26.06	2	25.63	2	2.88	-	18.42		16.73		17.03		18.62		23.58	2	5.41		(-0.02)

Note: 1. Same as Note 1 to 3 in Table 1.

^{2.} The entire population of employees are ranked from the lowest to the highest based on their annual total earnings and divided into ten equal groups based on the cut points, which are known as the deciles of annual total earnings. For example, first decile (D1) refers to the cut point between group 1 and group 2. D5 is the median, referring to the number that is located in the middle of the entire population of employees.